- o loin Fritten
- Pharmatechnologyidatabase commentary
- Can AI find "medicine-likeness"? Challenging Classification of Compounds (AI x Pharmaceuticals) [Paper]



Can AI find "medicine-likeness"? Challenging Classification of Compounds (AI x

Pharmaceuticals) [Paper]

- •
- <u>Commentary on medical</u> papers
- <u>masashi</u>
- <u>Tweet</u>
- Share
- <u>heart</u>

↓Please support us with Hatena Bookmark!

Save to My Page

Not all compounds can be drugs. Can AI find patterns in potential drug compounds?

Contents

- : To streamline drug design
- Theme: To predict potential drug compounds using machine learning
- Purpose: To classify drugs and non-drugs



• login

ChallengeAI want to streamline drug design

Drug design is a method of synthesizing compounds that exhibit desirable physiological activities as drugs, and is one of the important techniques in the drug discovery process. It is expected that predicting the characteristics of compounds that make drugs effective will greatly improve the drug discovery process.

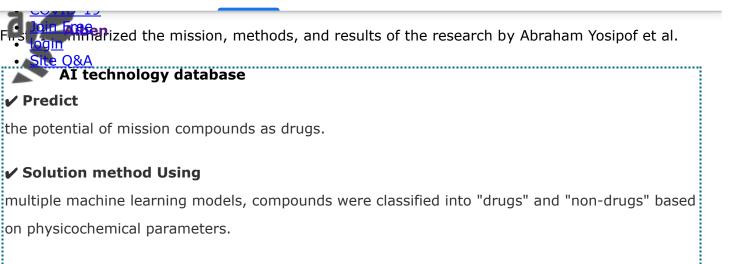


What research is actually being done on the subject of predicting the properties of compounds as drugs? I would like to introduce presentations by researchers such as Abraham Yosipof of the College of Law and Business in Israel.

They attempted to build a machine-learning model that classifies compounds into drugs and nondrugs by using features of their physicochemical parameters.

:





✔Results A

classification rate of over 0.81 was obtained, and effective disease categories were also successfully classified.

I will start by explaining the mission.

Purpose: To classify drugs and non-drugs



In recent years, data mining and machine learning are attracting attention as technologies for efficient drug design. By exploiting these, it is believed that basic patterns of chemical and pharmacological features that are important in development can be found, and the design of compounds as drugs can be optimized according to those properties. Moreover, if we can classify compounds as drugs or non-drugs, we may be able to classify the diseases for which drugs are effective.

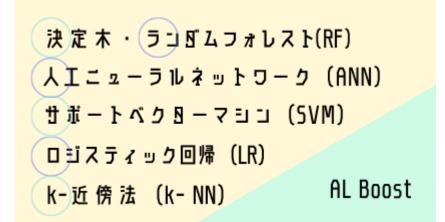
:

A second provide the second provide the second provide the second provided the second provide

Forme Attechnology databasepounds were used from DrugBank , which is a compound database (drug: 366 compounds and non-drug: 396 compounds).

Physicochemical parameters were obtained using ChemAxon with 35 molecular features such as logP values and molecular surface areas.

Machine learning algorithms include <u>decision trees</u>, <u>random forests</u> (RF), <u>support vector machines</u> (SVM), <u>artificial neural</u> networks (ANN), k-nearest neighbors (k-NN), <u>logistic regression</u> (LR), and A combined method, AL Boost, was used.



Result: Succeeded in classifying drugs and non-drugs with high accuracy

As a result, the classification rate (CCR) for AL Boost was good at 0.81, and the average CCR for the other six algorithms was 0.77.



Detected language \rightarrow English \checkmark

:

J4	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.67	0.01	0.35	0.72	0.81	0.75	0.76	18.90	0.52
	en.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.00	0.52	0.80	0.86	0.82	0.82	10.21	0.65
k-NN	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.73	0.06	0.46	0.75	0.78	0.76	0.76	1.34	0.53
SVM SILE Q&A	echnolog	0.74	0.73	0.73	0.25	0.47	0.74	0.73	0.74	0.74	0.17	0.47
ANIN	0.77	0.72	0.75	0.75	5.25	0.50	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.12	0.62
LR	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.76	0.01	0.52	0.77	0.70	0.74	0.74	12.58	0.48
AL Boost	0.76	0.77	0.76	0.76	0.01	0.53	0.80	0.81	0.81	0.81	0.22	0.62
Naïve Bayesian*	0.74	0.89	-	0.82	-	0.64	0.50	0.92	-	0.70	-	0.46

*Naïve Bayesian results were taken from García-Sosa and Maran (2013).

Classification of drugs and non-drugs

Furthermore, we predicted disease categories such as antitumor drugs, nervous system drugs, and cardiovascular drugs, and succeeded in separating them with high accuracy.

			Trainin	g set	Test set							
Model	Specificity	Sensitivity	CCR	Accuracy	Variance	мсс	Specificity	Sensitivity	CCR	Accuracy	Variance	мсс
J4.8	0.90	0.64	0.70	0.88	179.41	0.46	1.00	0.67	0.95	0.92	277.78	0.78
RF	0.93	0.82	0.77	0.91	28.81	0.63	0.96	1.00	0.88	0.96	4.73	0.85
k-NN	0.89	0.83	0.65	0.89	7.72	0.47	0.95	0.75	0.85	0.92	104.60	0.70
SVM	0.92	1.00	0.75	0.92	17.00	0.68	0.95	0.75	0.85	0.92	104.60	0.70
ANN	0.93	0.71	0.79	0.90	120.76	0.61	0.96	1.00	0.88	0.96	4.73	0.85
LR	0.92	0.89	0.74	0.91	1.93	0.63	0.96	1.00	0.88	0.96	4.73	0.85
AL Boost	0.92	0.89	0.74	0.91	1.93	0.63	0.96	1.00	0.88	0.96	4.73	0.85
Naïve Bayesian*	-	-	-	0.88	-	0.57	-	-	-	0.90	-	0.62

*Naïve Bayesian results were taken from García-Sosa and Maran (2013)

Classification of antitumor and nervous system drugs

From the above, it is expected that this model can be applied to predict the potential of compounds as drugs and the diseases for which drugs are effective.

That's all for the research introduction.

In the future, more efficient drug design for various diseases may be realized.

Check out other articles on " AI x Drug Discovery"

- How can the development of new antibacterial drugs be helped [Drug making in the age of AI]
- Can tuberculosis be defeated with drugs? It seems that analysis can be done with AI.
- Predict drug activity against cancer cells with AI? Other 5 latest research on drug discovery AI [Weekly]



:

• Join Fiffen

*The Will be members-only content from tomorrow onwards. Similarly, all past • Ste Q&A articles & A schrydlegy database members. If you would like to view it, please register <u>here</u>

! (Member registration is free.)





- <u>Tweet</u>
- Share
- <u>heart</u>

masashi Contributor's past articles

In graduate school, I studied medicine. I would like to delve into the use of AI mainly in the fields of drug discovery, manufacturing, and finance. Twitter: @masa05240112

Using AI to classify and predict fake news on the web (AI x web) [Paper]

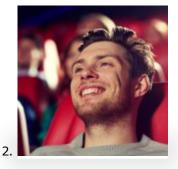
Samsung develops AI technology to extend battery life of smartphones! Other 5 latest "AI patents" [Weekly]

Related article





Advances in materials development - Improving images with CNN! [AI paper]



See the forefront of "Rakugo AI". Great research on whether machines can make people laugh (...



観光地の高度分析



High-level analysis of tourist preferences (China) [AI paper]



<u>Streamline the inspection process! AI technology to detect "defective steel cans"</u> (AI...







Is it possible to elucidate the mechanism of schizophrenia (AI x medical care) [paper]

Recommended articles



"Check missing values in Pandas dataframe!" AI quiz



"Make the array a pandas data frame!" AI quiz implementation version [...



"What is the evaluation method after model creation?" AI quiz implementation version [Question 5]





"Least-squares method with scikit-learn!" AI quiz implementation edition [Part ...



"Read csv files with pandas!" AI quiz implementation version [...

content search

search

Industry/Category

5G IoT Sponsored VR/AR web entertainment art sports sales marketing Mental health/psychology robot human resources Medical/Healthcare Security drone pharmaceuticals Politics and Society Education/Career Material patent surroundings self-driving manufacturing and design Agriculture and Food city/sightseeing Finance/Economy

New arrivals of original articles from SNS



Articles read in the last month



"Estimating the 'depth of an object' from a single image" A machine learning notebook committed to the field [vol.19]



List of "data analysis competitions" that can be entered from Japan [world version summary]





<u>* "I want to do useful research rather than business" Interview with attraction</u> **technology** database rcher Toshihiko Yamazaki [Introduction to AI Researchers Vol.1]



Released an AI model in which 3D humans move according to verbal instructions



What is a "classifier"? Quickly explain the meaning! [AI Glossary]



How advanced is AI power prediction? Research case summary



It seems that deep learning can understand the "pain" of experimental mice (AI x pharmaceuticals) [Paper]



<u>Accuracy of age estimation never stops! Featured New Method (AI x Marketing)</u> [Paper]



<u>What is an "Artificial Neural Network (ANN)"? Quickly explain the meaning! [AI Glossary]</u>



University of Tokyo AI Beginner Learning Diary Day 3 "Polynomial Curve Fitting and Overfitting"



<u>Is it an era when lip reading can be done with AI? Be careful with your lips (AI x IoT) [Paper]</u>

What is "Mean Absolute Percentage Error (MAPE)"? Quickly explain the meaning! [AI Glossary]

:



6

Join Fritten

<u>E qualification study content summary Day 1 "Overview of deep learning"</u> AI technology database

What is "MobileNet"? Quickly explain the meaning! [AI Glossary]



PAGE TOP

- <u>HOME</u>
- What is Aibn
- <u>Aibn management member list</u>
- <u>Company website</u>
- <u>inquiry</u>
- YouTube

Copyright © Ibn All rights reserved.